No. 7. Sensitive but not speakable
No. 8. Slight and hardly count enough to be spoken
No. 10. Short, unequal, but sometimes vigorous, and
this incorrect capable of being made speakable.
CATALOGUE

OF THE

OFFICERS AND STUDENTS

OF

WILLIAM & MARY COLLEGE.

SESSION OF 1840-41.

PETERSBURG:
PRINTED BY EDMUND & JULIAN C. RUFFIN.

1841.
WILLIAM AND MARY COLLEGE.

FOUNDED 1692.

OFFICERS AND GOVERNORS.

VISITORS.

President John Tyler, Rector,
Alexander D. Galt, Robert McCandlish,
John B. Seawell, William Robins,
Robert G. Scott, George Blow,
Charles Everett, Thomas G. Peachy,
John C. Pryor, Edmund Ruffin,
Edward H. Carmichael.

PRESIDENT, PROFESSORS, ETC.

T. R. Dew, President, and Professor of Moral Philosophy, History, and Political Economy.
John Millington, Professor of Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, and Civil Engineering.
Robert Saunders, Professor of Mathematics.
Beverley Tucker, Professor of National and Municipal Law and Government.
Dabney Browne, Professor of Humanity.
ABBREVIATIONS.

J. MOR.—Junior Moral,
S. P.—Senior Political,
J. MA.—Junior Mathematical,
S. M.—Senior Mathematical,
PR. MA.—Preparatory Mathematical,
CH.—Chemistry,
N. P.—Natural Philosophy,
LAW.—Municipal Law,
J. P.—Junior Political,
POL. PH.—Political Philosophy and Constitutional Law,
GR.—Greek,
L.—Latin,
P. A. M.—Physical Portion of A. M. Course.
MO. A. M.—Moral, Pol. and Historical do.

T. R. Dew.
Robert Saunders.
John Millington.
Beverley Tucker.
Dabney Browne.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Names</th>
<th>Residences</th>
<th>Studies</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>William T. Allen</td>
<td>York</td>
<td>S. P., N. P., S. M.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wm. H. Anderson</td>
<td>Mobile</td>
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<td>H. A. Badham</td>
<td>N. Carolina</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., S. P.</td>
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<td>F. M. Baker</td>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>S. P., N. P., S. M.</td>
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<td>F. L. Barziza</td>
<td>Williamsburg</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., S. P.</td>
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<td>E. A. Barziza</td>
<td>Williamsburg</td>
<td>J. MOR., PR. MA.</td>
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<td>W. L. Barziza</td>
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<td>Thos. O. Blankingship</td>
<td>Chesterfield</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., S. P.</td>
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<td>Norborne Blow</td>
<td>Sussex</td>
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<td>Wm. N. Blow</td>
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<td>Jas. Boisseau</td>
<td>Dinwiddie</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., J. MA., S. P., L.</td>
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<td>Samuel J. Booker</td>
<td>Buckingham</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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<td>C. J. Cabaniss</td>
<td>Dinwiddie</td>
<td>J. P., CH., S. P., LAW.</td>
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<td>Geo. W. Carroll</td>
<td>Isle of Wight</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., S. M.</td>
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<td>Gideon Christian</td>
<td>Charles City</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., S. P., S. M.</td>
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<td>A. D. Claiborne</td>
<td>Pittsylvania</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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<td>Wm. C. Clement</td>
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<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., S. M.</td>
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<td>Jas. A. C. Clopton</td>
<td>New Kent</td>
<td>MO. A. M.</td>
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<td>W. A. Cocke</td>
<td>Powhatan</td>
<td>J. P., S. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>J. W. Cook</td>
<td>Greensville</td>
<td>J. MA., S. P. N. P.</td>
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<td>O. A. Crenshaw</td>
<td>Fluvanna</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., J. MA.</td>
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<td>D. C. Dejarnatte</td>
<td>Caroline</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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<tr>
<td>L. C. Dew</td>
<td>King &amp; Queen</td>
<td>S. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>J. P. Dickinson</td>
<td>Caroline</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., S. P., N. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>Wm. R. Drinkard</td>
<td>Petersburg</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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<td>Péter G. A. Evans</td>
<td>N. Carolina</td>
<td>S. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>E. D. Farrar</td>
<td>Mississippi</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., N. P., L.</td>
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<td>Chas. C. Field</td>
<td>Gloucester</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., S. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>O. B. Finney</td>
<td>Accomac</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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<td>P. S. Foster</td>
<td>N. Carolina</td>
<td>J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.</td>
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Names.
John H. Fox,
Benj. F. Garrett,
Alex. C. Garrett,
Richard Gatewood,
B. J. Gouldin,
Wm. D. Gresham,
Fayette Griffin,
John S. Hannon,
Geo. F. Harrison,
Jno. H. Harrison,
Daniel Hatcher,
A. F. Haymond,
Daniel C. Holliday,
Benj. Irby,
W. W. Jacob,
Jno. W. Johnson,
Jas. B. Jones,
Alex. Jones,
Jno. A. Jones,
Walker F. Jones,
Wm. B. Jones,
Jos. W. Kay,
Jno. T. King,
W. H. J. Leary,
Jno. B. S. Lemoine,
Jos. H. Lewis,
S. W. Mapp,
L. W. Mason,
Marion L. Mayo,
Jesse S. Miller,
J. E. Moore,
Edw. W. Morris,
Eaton Nance,

Residences.
York Town,
Williamsburg,
Williamsburg,
Norfolk,
Caroline,
King & Queen,
Williamsburg,
Petersburg,
Cumberland,
Prince George,
Powhatan,
Monongalia,
New Orleans,
Nottoway,
Northampton,
Petersburg,
Chesterfield,
Chesterfield,
Hampton,
Gloucester,
Williamsburg,
Essex,
Alabama,
N. Carolina,
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Essex,
Accomac,
Sussex,
Cumberland,
Buckingham,
Brunswick,
Hanover,
Charles City,
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<td>LAW, POL., PH., MO. A. M.</td>
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<td>Acacomc</td>
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<td>Surry</td>
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<td>Thos. F. Scott</td>
<td>Louisiana</td>
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<td>Miles Selden</td>
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<td>H. C. Semple</td>
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<td>Hanover</td>
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<td>Reuben Smith</td>
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<td>Crawford Smith</td>
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<td>Richard K. Smith</td>
<td>Nottoway</td>
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<td>N. P., S. M.</td>
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<td>Saml. G. Staples</td>
<td>Patrick</td>
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<td>Wm. B. Taliaferro</td>
<td>Gloucester</td>
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<td>Wm. A. Temple</td>
<td>Sussex</td>
<td>S. P., N. P., LAW, POL. PH.</td>
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<td>J. S. Trueheart</td>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>S. P., N. P., S. M.</td>
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<td>Isaac B. Vaiden</td>
<td>Williamsburg</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., J. MA., PR. MA., GR., L.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Henry M. Vaiden</td>
<td>Williamsburg</td>
<td>J. MOR., CH., PR. MA., L.</td>
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</table>
Names.  
W. E. Walker,  
Matt. P. Waller,  
Chas. C. P. Waller,  
Jno. D. Warren,  
W. Lafayette Watkins,  
Wm. L. Weems,  
Saml. White,  
A. A. Whitehead,  
Jno. G. Williams,  
Thos. M. Wilson,  
Wm. M. Wilson,  
Wm. P. Wood,  
John T. Wootton,  
Selden S. Wright,

Residences.  
Brunswick,  
Williamsburg,  
Williamsburg,  
Richmond,  
Brunswick,  
Louisiana,  
Tennessee,  
Isle of Wight,  
Richmond,  
Norfolk,  
Norfolk,  
Tennessee,  
Henry,  
Essex,

Studies.  
J. MOR., J. P., CH., PR. MA.  
J. MOR., J. P., CH. J. MA.  
J. MOR., CH., S. P.  
S. P., N. P., LAW, POL. PH.  
J. MOR., CH.  
J. MOR., J. MA., GR., L.  
J. MOR., CH., PR. MA.  
J. MOR., J. MA., S. P., N. P.  
J. MOR., J. P., CH., S. M.  
J. MOR., J. P., CH., J. MA.  
CH., N. P.  
S. P., N. P., S. M., LAW, POL. PH.  
J. P., S. P., LAW, POL. PH.  

SUMMARY.

Total number of students 110; of whom 94 are from Virginia, 5 from North Carolina, 3 from Alabama, 3 from Louisiana, 2 from Tennessee, 2 from Missouri, and 1 from Mississippi.

Numbers in each of the respective classes:

- Junior Moral 71
- Senior Political 57
- Mor. and Pol. A. M. Course 5

- Chemistry 56
- Natural Philosophy 30

- Law 25
- Half Course National Law 47
- Half Course Pol. Philosophy 27

- Junior Mathematical 33
- Senior do. 28
- Preparatory do. 7

- Latin Classes 12
- Greek do. 5

- Total: 133
MORAL AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS R. DEW, Professor.

The subjects in this department are divided into two courses:


The Professor, at each meeting of the classes, is in the habit of explaining the text, and making such additions as he deems necessary, upon all of which the student is afterwards rigidly examined; and when the nature of the subject requires it, he delivers independent lectures, upon which the student is likewise examined. Lectures three times a week in each class.

CHEMISTRY.

J. MILLINGTON, Professor.

Text book: Manual of Chemistry by John W. Webster, M. D., 3d ed., 1839. The lectures are delivered three times a week during the session, in the Laboratory of the College, and are illustrated by all the necessary apparatus and instruments, the number of which has been considerably augmented by the Professor. The course commences with the Doctrines of Affinity and an examination of the Imponderables, Heat, Light, Electricity and Galvanism. This is followed by an investigation of the several Elementary Substances of Nature, and an investigation of the Laws and Theories of their combinations, throughout the whole of which the Doctrines of Definite Proportions and Equivalent Numbers are particularly explained and exemplified. The examination of compounds by testing, and the methods of examining and working the metallic ores, as applicable to mining purposes, have considerable attention. The course concludes with Organic or Animal and Vegetable Chemistry, and the whole of it has rather a tendency to geological and mineral investigation, than to pharmacy and medicine. Experimental illustrations of all the above subjects are made before the class, and a private examination and comparison of what occurs at the lecture table, and what is stated in the text book, are made at the conclusion of each distinct subject. The Professor has a considerable collection of all the subjects described, which
are laid before the students, for inspection or experiment, including an extensive Geological and Mineralogical Collection and one of the Materia Medica.

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**NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.**

**J. MILLINGTON, Professor.**

Lectures three times a week during the session. Text books: An Introduction to Natural Philosophy, by Denison Olmsted, A. M., of Yale College, 3d ed., 2 vols., 1838; and an Essay on Galvanism and Electro-magnetism by the Professor.

The subjects treated of are Mechanics, including Statics and Dynamics, or the Doctrines of Weight, Force and Motion; the Mechanic Powers and their practical application to the construction of Machines; Friction, Pneumatics, Acoustics, Meteorology, Hydrostatics, Specific Gravities, Hydraulics, with application to Pumps, Water-wheels, &c., the Steam Engine, Electricity, Galvanism, Magnetism, Electro-magnetism; Optics in Theory, and as applied to the construction of Optical Instruments and Descriptive Astronomy.

These subjects are first examined by experimental illustrations and diagrams, and their several important applications to useful and manufacturing processes pointed out, and are afterwards recapitulated with such illustrations, only, as serve to explain their powers and mathematical principles. Examinations of the students take place at the conclusion of each distinct subject, independent of the general examinations at the conclusion of the course.

In the Physical Department two new lecture rooms have been constructed, viz., a chemical laboratory and philosophical lecture room; both more capacious than the former rooms, replete with every modern improvement and convenience, and furnished with a very extensive apparatus for illustration.

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**CIVIL ENGINEERING.**

**J. MILLINGTON, Professor.**

Lectures three times a week during the session, or occasional practical exercises. Text books: Elements of Engineering, Practical and Mathematical, by the Professor, and his Epitome of Mechanical Philosophy and the Steam Engine. The subjects taught are, the principles of plotting or drawing plans; the theory and practice of Mensuration, Land Surveying, Levelling and Draining Land; the nature and qualities of Building Materials; working Stone Quarries; making Bricks; burning Lime, Cements, &c.; mode of carrying on Earth Work, or Excavation, with the me-
Methods of setting out and measuring the same; Road Making, common, McAdam's paved; investigation of the strength of Materials; methods of Building in Brickwork and Masonry; Principles of Scientific Carpentry; Iron Foundry and Smith's Work; the construction of Roofs and centring for large Stone Arches. The Theory of Arches; Timber Bridges; the methods of building in water, for the construction of Bridges, Harbors, Break-waters, &c.; of Cast Iron Bridges, and Suspension Bridges; the method of drawing specifications of particulars for work to be executed, and of making estimates of the expense of carrying such works into execution. Applications of the foregoing principles to the construction of Navigable Canals, and Locks, to Rail Roads, to Water and Wind Mills, to Steam Engines, Locomotive Engines for Rail Roads, to the working of Mines, the supplying towns with water, and illuminating the same by Inflammable Gas works.

MATHEMATICS.

Robert Saunders, Professor.

There are in this department three classes.

In the Junior Class of Mathematics are taught the following subjects. Algebra as far as the Higher Equations; Plane and Solid Geometry and Mensuration; Plane Trigonometry and its application to Heights and Distances, and to Land Surveying; and Spherical Trigonometry.

The exercises in this class consist of strict examination of each student upon the text book, accompanied by such explanations and additions by the Professor, as the subject requires. The use of Instruments is also taught, which comprises practical Land Surveying. Text books: Young's Algebra, Legendre's Geometry, Davies' Surveying.

Lectures three times a week.

The Senior Class of Mathematics are instructed in the following subjects: Equations of the higher degrees, Analytical Geometry, including Conic Sections, Differential and Integral Calculus, and the application of Spherical Trigonometry to Nautical Astronomy. The exercises are conducted as in the Junior Class. Text books: Young's Algebra, Davies' Analytical Geometry, Davies' Calculus, and Gummere's Astronomy.

Lectures three times a week.

There is also a preparatory class for those who are not prepared to enter the Junior. In this class are taught the Elements of Algebra, the first two books of Legendre's Geometry, and Plane Trigonometry. The exercises are conducted as in the other classes. Text books: Day's Algebra, Legendre's Geometry and Davies' Surveying.

Lectures three times a week.
NATIONAL LAW. (Junior Political.)  

Beverly Tucker, Professor.  

The exercises of this class consist of recitations from the text, accompanied by explanations and lectures by the Professor. Text book: Vattel's Law of Nations. The subject extends over half the College course only: ending on 22d February.  
Lectures three times a week.  

MUNICIPAL LAW, POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY, AND CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.  

Beverly Tucker, Professor.  

The text books of this class are Tucker's Commentary, Stephen on Pleading, (first or second edition, not the third,) and Mitford's Pleadings.  

The subject of Municipal Law, alone, constitutes an entire course. The manner of lecturing is to require the student to read a portion of the text book, which becomes the subject of question, explanation and conversation at the next meeting. A sort of moot court is contrived by devising cases which the students are required to conduct to issue; and which are generally so managed as to lead to an issue of law, on which briefs are handed in, argument heard, if necessary, and judgments pronounced. This is merely used as an exercise in pleading, and a task of research and study on the argument of the demurrer. It presents nothing to vanity or ambition, and is a dry, severe and practical task.  
Lectures three times a week.  
The subject of Political Philosophy and Constitutional Law occupies a separate half course, after the 22d of February. It commences with some twenty original lectures on the Philosophy of Government, and then goes on into a critical examination of the Constitution. The Federalist, Chancellor Kent's Commentary on the Constitution, the Virginia Resolutions and Report, and Lieber's Political Ethics, are the text books for this part of the course.  
Lectures three times a week.  

DEPARTMENT OF ANCIENT LANGUAGES.  

Dabney Browne, Professor.  

In this department there are two Greek and two Latin classes; to each of which instruction is imparted three times a week, by examinations on the subject, on the etymological structure of the language, and by reference to books and maps.
The Junior Latin Class read Livy, Terence and Horace. Certain portions of these authors are read in the lecture room; and to render the student more accurately acquainted with the idioms of the language, he is required to translate sentences similar to those which occur in the author, to write out translations from English into Latin, and from Latin into English, and to be acquainted with the History and Geography necessary for fully understanding the author.

The Senior Latin Class read Tacitus, Plautus and Juvenal. The mode of instruction is similar to that of the Junior Class, except that the Professor explains portions of the author, or reads a lecture on Roman literature, history, antiquities or geography.

The Junior Greek Class read Xenophon's Anabasis, Herodotus and Euripides.

The Senior Greek Class read portions of Thucydides, the Attic Orators and Homer. The mode of instruction is similar to that pursued in the Latin classes.

Text books in addition to those named: Adam's Roman Antiquities, Niebuhr's Roman History, Potter's Grecian Antiquities, Thirwall's History of Greece, and Butler's Ancient Maps.

COURSE FOR THE DEGREE OF A. B.

The course necessary for a degree of A. B. comprises that of the Junior Moral Class, the Chemical Class, the Junior Mathematical Class, and the Class of National Law, entitled the Junior Political, in the Junior year.

In the Senior year, the Senior Political, the Senior Mathematical and the Natural Philosophical Classes.

Note. Only one division of History is gone through in one course. Ancient History in one course, and Modern in the next, (the subject occupying half a course.) Either division suffices for the degree of A. B.

COURSE FOR THE DEGREE OF A. M.

There is also a course established to be pursued by those who wish to obtain the degree of A. M. Any student proposing to obtain this degree, must have taken a degree of A. B. in this College, or the same or some equivalent degree in some other College of equal standing, and must also be a proficient in the Latin language. In pursuing this course the student will read the books designated below under the general supervision of the Professors, who will, by weekly examination, ascertain the extent of the proficiency of the student.
Moral and Political Department.


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Historical.


---

Mathematical.

Legendre's Geometry, Young and Bourdon's Algebra, Young's Analytical Geometry, Young's Differential and Integral Calculus, Gummere's Astronomy, and Davies' Descriptive Geometry.

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Physical.


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Law Department.

Text books on Constitutional Law.

If a student shall, in addition to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, take the degree of Bachelor of Law, he may obtain the Master's degree by studying successfully the Moral and Political and Historical portion of the A. M. course only: dispensing with the Mathematical and Physical portion. Or if he shall be a graduate in the school of Civil Engineering, (which can happen only after two years' attendance upon that subject,) and shall also have taken the degree of A. B., he may obtain the Master's degree by studying successfully the Mathematical and Physical portions of the A. M. course only; dispensing with the Moral and Political and Historical portion.

In either case, however, the student must take the half course of History, which he may have omitted in the A. B. course.

It will be seen, by reference to the courses of study pursued in the department, that the subjects are analogous to those taught in the Junior and Senior departments of the A. B. course. It is intended, in studying for the degree of A. M., that the student should
pursue his Baccalaureate studies into more detail— that he should render himself more accomplished by the acquisition of a greater fund of knowledge, from the most approved writers on all the topics which he had previously studied. He is enabled by this course to extend his Mathematical, Physical, Moral and Political studies to a degree rarely, if ever, attained at any other institution in this country. The experiment so far has most conclusively shown the great value of this course, and has already proved, that the young man who will study it successfully will have the advantage of entering life with a highly accomplished education. It is a course of study, consequently, which recommends itself particularly to every student who takes the degree of A. B. at a period of life so early as to allow him leisure for its pursuit, and in the mean time he can be preparing himself for either of two attractive professions, upon which full courses of lectures are delivered in this institution. It is not necessary, however, that a student should have obtained the degree of A. B. to entitle him to enter this department. If he has studied successfully any of the A. B. courses, it is earnestly recommended to study the corresponding subjects of this department, even if he have no idea of taking either of the degrees, provided he can do it without prejudice to other studies.

DEGREES.

In conferring degrees, the strictest regard is always had to the moral character of the candidate; nor are they ever conferred but upon those whose conduct as students is irreproachable.

Every student who may be a candidate for either of the degrees above-mentioned, or for the degree of Bachelor of Law, is required to deliver to the president of the college, on or before the first of June in every year, a thesis written upon such subject as may be proposed or approved by the society; which thesis is submitted to the private examination of each Professor, and then to a meeting of the society.

The thesis must afford proof that the candidate is well acquainted with the principles of composition; and for this purpose it must be distinguished for a clear order or proper arrangement of all its parts, for just argumentation, for perspicuity and neatness of style, and an entire exemption from defects in punctuation and orthography; it must, moreover, afford proof that the candidate has carefully studied the subject of his thesis, and has obtained such philosophical and correct ideas respecting it, as are the result of industrious research, and of that degree of scientific attainment which may be reasonably expected from those who have availed themselves of the advantages of collegiate instruction.

Those whose theses are approved by the president and profes-
sors, are examined by the faculty, in private, upon all those studies that are necessary for the degree applied for: and those who are candidates for either of the degrees of Bachelor, are subsequently examined publicly, in company with the other members of their classes, as early as practicable, at the public examination which commences on the ___ day of June.

The society, notwithstanding the foregoing regulations, still reserve to themselves the liberty of publishing to their country the merits of students who may be so particularly circumstanced as not to come within the said regulations, by conferring degrees when they find such extraordinary literary merit and virtue united, as to induce a deviation from these regulations. They also reserve the right of granting honorary degrees of A. M., LL. D. and D. D., to such persons, whether Alumni of this college or not, as shall have rendered themselves distinguished in any learned pursuit, entitling them to the degree.

Certificates under the college seal, of proficiency in each of the subjects taught in the college, are granted to those whose conduct has been unexceptionable, and who have proved themselves entitled to the distinction, in a strict examination before the faculty.

This examination takes place during the month of June in each year.

Any student who has obtained certificates in all the subjects required for the degree of A. B., is entitled to the degree without further examination, upon handing in a thesis which is approved (as already mentioned.)

To obtain a certificate in the class of Civil Engineering, the student must be acquainted with the subjects taught in the Junior Mathematical class.

To obtain a certificate in the class of Higher Classics, the student must have attended the Junior Moral class.

In order to be admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Law, the student must have taken the degree of A. B. in this college, or an equivalent degree in some other institution; or obtained a certificate (such as are mentioned above) in at least one full course of study, other than that of Law, taught in this college. He must also, of course, be a proficient in Municipal Law (which is understood to embrace the half course on Political Philosophy and Constitutional Law); his proficiency to be ascertained by strict examination.

EXAMINATIONS.

There is one public examination, which takes place at the close of the session, commencing about the middle of June.
MEDICAL INSTRUCTION.

As nearly all the Medical Colleges of the union require that a student shall have studied medicine with some practitioner for two years before he offers himself for their instruction and for graduation, Professor Millington undertakes a class in this department of science, for which he possesses ample means of illustration. It commences and ends with the college session.

The subjects taught in the first session are Anatomy, Physiology, Materia Medica and Pharmacy.

In the second session, Anatomy of the Nerves and Organs of Sense, Pathology and Therapeutics, Operations of Surgery, Materia Medica and Pharmacy continued and concluded.

Fee for each session $30.

Text books the same that are used in the principal Medical Colleges.

CIRCULAR LETTERS.

Once in two months a circular letter is sent to the parents and guardians of students attending to the lectures, in which are noted the times and causes of absence from lecture, and of want of preparation at lecture on account of not reading the lecture. They also contain a notice of any misdemeanor which the student may have committed, and which brings him under the action of the faculty.

TABLE OF EXPENSES.

Expenses of a Regular Student, i.e., one who studies for a Degree.

JUNIOR YEAR.

Board, including washing, fuel, &c., $130 00
Fees to three Professors, $20 each, 60 00
Fee to the Professor of National Law, (half course,) 10 00
Matriculation fee, 5 00

$205 00

SENIOR YEAR.

Board, as before, $130 00
Fees to three Professors, 60 00
Matriculation fee, 5 00

$195 00
INDEPENDENT CLASSES.

The fee to the Professor of Law is $20.  
Constitutional Law, (half course,) 10  
Civil Engineering 20  
Junior Latin Class 20  
Junior Greek do. 20  
Senior Latin do. 20  
Senior Greek do. 20  
Preparatory Mathematical 20

It is proper to observe that the board here mentioned is that paid by students boarding in college. Those who board at private houses in town pay $150. Fees for attendance on lectures are only one half ($10) after 22d February, in each collegiate year.

Every student studying for the degree of A. M., will pay to each professor whose department he attends, $20 for the course.

Every student, whether regular or irregular, pays the same for board and matriculation fee; and pays a fee for each class that he attends, unless he has attended it before; in which case, he attends the class without fee, except the Junior Mathematical class, and the classes of Law and Civil Engineering. For the Junior Mathematical, a half fee is required for each attendance after the first. For the other two a full fee in every instance.

The matriculation fees entitle the students to the use of the College Library, and are appropriated exclusively to its enlargement. It has lately received considerable additions; and a new and spacious room has just been fitted up to receive it.

The General Assembly of Virginia, at their late session, passed an act imposing severe penalties upon all dealers of every description, who shall extend credit to a student at any college in the state. Care will be taken that this law shall be strictly enforced here. An abstract of which is here given.

Abstract of the law of the state concerning the extending of credit to students at colleges; referred to in the resolution of the board of visitors, annexed.

All merchants and dealers of every description, all tailors, shoe-makers, and other tradesmen, tavern-keepers, and keepers of carriages and horses to hire, are forbidden to deal, by selling or hiring, with any student at any college in the state, or with any person (except the parent or guardian) for the use of such student, for any commodity or service whatever, except for cash paid at the time of sale or hiring, or service rendered; or unless the person so offering to deal with the student, shall have in his possession the written authority to do so from the president or other officer of the college, duly authorized by its laws to give such written permission.

And all persons are forbidden, unless in pursuance of such au-
thority as has just been mentioned, to lend to any student or to any
person (except his parent or guardian) for his use, any sum of
money; and to give him or any other person, (except as before
excepted) for his use, any letter of credit; and in any manner to
authorize the student to contract any debt.

The penalties for a violation of any one of these provisions are,
that the person shall have no means of recovering the debt from
the student or his parent or guardian at any time; that the offender
shall forfeit to the college of which the student is a member, the
whole debt or value of the thing sold, or hired or service render-
ed—and, moreover, $20 for each offence; that the offence shall
be considered a misdemeanor, punishable as at common law, and
a breach of good behavior cognizable by a single justice of the
peace, who may bind the party to his good behavior and to appear
at the succeeding Superior Court for the county or corporation,
having cognizance of the offence; or before such court then in
session, to answer for the offence; and finally that if the offender
be a person dealing under a license granted under the laws of the
state, his license shall be forfeited from the time of the commission
of the offence; and he shall be disqualified for one year thereafter
from carrying on the same occupation under any other license.

"Resolved by the visitors, that it shall be the duty of the faculty
in all cases, to state in the first two-monthly circular sent, after
the matriculation of the student, to his parent or guardian, all
arrearages which may be due from such student on account of
matriculation fee, fees to professors or for board; and to that end
it shall be the duty of the professors, or proprietors of boarding-
houses, to announce such arrears as may be due to them, to the
faculty; and in case they shall fail to do so, then the debt shall be
placed upon the footing of a credit debt, and be liable to forfeiture
according to the law of the state. And it shall further be the duty
of the faculty to continue such notice in the succeeding two-
monthly reports, until the arrears are discharged."

All students of Theology, studying for the ministry, are, by a
resolution of the faculty, admitted without fee to all the lectures,
as well as to instruction in the classical department.

The College Session commences on the 2d Monday in October
in each year; and closes on the 4th of July following, at which
time the usual exhibition by the graduates takes place.

As the College is situated in the town of Williamsburg, the
students have an opportunity of attending Divine Service on every
Sunday, at the Episcopal, Baptist or Methodist Church.